Ancient Greek

Alphabet

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Alphabet.

a	b	g	d	e	z	ẹ	th
i	c(k)	l	m	n	x	o	p
r	s	t	u	ph	ch	ps	ọ

Apart from that there are the tones, -́, -̀ and -̂; the iota subscript becomes the suffix *ı*; the smooth breathing is left out whereas the rough breathing becomes *h*. The obsolete *dígamma* becomes *w*, the *sán ṣ*, the *cóppa q*, and the *sampî* becomes *ts*.

Example. [aeí] (adv) (always); [ẹ́r] (m) (air); [alọ́pẹx] (f) (fox); [aphanízọ] (prs) (destroy) (make unseen) (wipe out); [áphthor⟨os-on⟩] (adj) (abundant) (plentiful); [apothnẹ́ıscọ] (prs) (die) (be killed); [cac⟨os-ā-on⟩] (adj) (bad) (evil) (wicked) (cowardly) (mean); [catá] (prep) [acc] (according to); [catadúọ] (prs) (lay to rest); [cheír] (f) (hand); [chrusòs] (m) (gold); [comízọ] (prs) (carry) (convey), [comízomai] (mid) (convey o.s.) (recover); [ctệma] (nt) (possession); [dé] (part) (and) (but); [diabolẹ́] (f) (slander); [didáscọ] (prs) (teach), [didáscomai] (mid) (having s.o. taught); [eimí] (prs) (be); [ek] (prep) [gen] (from) (out of); [éneimi] (prs) (be in); ⟨en orgệı échọ⟩ [acc] (be angry with); [eráọ] (prs) (love); [ethélọ] (prs) (wish); [eû] (adv) (well); [exọthéọ] (prs) (push out); [gár] (post) (for) (as); [gérọn] (m) (old man); [gígnomai] (prs) (become) (be); [héọs] (conj) [(án) subj] (until), [opt] (until), [ind] (while) (until); [hérpọ] (prs) (spread) (creep) (crawl); [hól⟨ọs-ẹ-on⟩] (adj) (whole) (complete); [hráıdi⟨os-a-on⟩] (adj) (easy); [hraıdíọs] (adv) (easily) (lightly); [ichthús] (m) (fish); [léọn] (m) (lion); [loúọ] (prs) (wash), [loúomai] (mid) (wash o.s.); [macr⟨ós-á-ón⟩] (adj) (long); [mélitta] (f) (bee); ⟨mèn oûn⟩ (on the contrary) (no); [meta] (adv) [dat] (among); [metabállọ] (prs) (change); [métọpon] (nt) (forehead); [mímẹma] (nt) (imitation); [muîa] (f) (fly); [noûs] (m) (mind); [oícoi] (adv) (at home); [oinochoéọ] (prs) (pour wine); [oíomai] [oîmai] (prs) (think); [óneiros] (m) (dream); [paîs] (m) (f) (child) (boy) (girl) (slave); [paúọ] (prs) (stop), [paúomai] (mid) (stop o.s.) (cease); [phroneîn] (inf) [phronéọ] (think); [phúlax] (m) (guard); [phúsis] (f) (nature); [plện] (adv) (but); [poiéọ] (prs) (do); [pólis] (f) (city); [pseûdos] (nt) (falsehood) (lie); [psóphos] (m) (noise); [schệma] (nt) (form) (shape); [sọtẹ́r] (m) (saviour); [taricheúọ] (prs) (embalm) (mummify); [télos] (adv) (in the end) (finally); [téttix] (m) (cicada) (grasshopper); [theós] (m) (f) (god); [triẹ́rẹs] (f) (trireme); [túrannos] (m) (absolute ruler) (tyrant); [zộıon] (nt) (animal) (creature); [zọ⟨ós-ẹ́-ón⟩] (adj) (aive) (living)

Bibliography

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